

## J01M.2—Free Precession of a Planet - 1

### Problem

The following two problems relate to a calculation of the angular frequency  $\Omega$  of free precession of a planet or star whose angular frequency of rotation about its axis is  $\omega$ . The problems themselves are independent.

Suppose that the density  $\rho$  of the object is uniform, and that its shape can be determined by the condition of hydrostatic equilibrium. Deduce an expression for the (small) quantity  $\epsilon(\omega, M, r_P)$  that relates the equatorial radius  $r_E$  to the polar radius  $r_P$  by the form  $r_E = r_P(1 + \epsilon)$ , where  $M \approx 4\pi\rho r_P^3/3$  is the mass of the object.