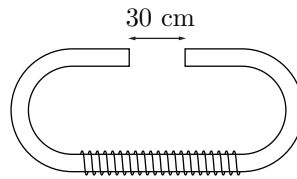


## M08E.3 - Electromagnet with an Iron Core

### Problem

A long solenoid is made from  $N = 1000$  turns of wire, wound at 10 turns per cm. Recall that  $\mu_0 = 4\pi \cdot 10^{-7}$  T m/A.

- Give the approximate value in Tesla of the magnitude of the  $B$ -field at the center of the solenoid for  $I = 100$  A of current.
- Insert a soft-iron core through the solenoid and bend the two ends together leaving a uniform gap distance of 30 cm. The total length  $L$  of the core is 3 meters and it has a constant cross-sectional area  $A_{\text{core}} = 400$  cm<sup>2</sup>. The relative permeability of the soft-iron is  $\mu_r = 400$ . Compute the magnitude of the  $B$ -field in the core  $B_{\text{core}}$ , and in the gap,  $B_{\text{gap}}$ , for a current  $I = 100$  A. Assume that the  $B$ -field is uniform in the gap and there is no hysteresis.



- Assume the maximum value of  $B_{\text{core}} = 1.5$  T. New pole-faces are added to the gap that shorten the gap to 10 cm, but increase the cross-sectional area at the gap to  $A_{\text{pole}} = 1600$  cm<sup>2</sup>. The cross-sectional area of the core is unchanged. Compute the maximum value of  $B_{\text{gap}}$  given the constraint on  $B_{\text{core}}$  and the new pole-face geometry. Assume that the  $B$ -field is uniform in the gap and there is no hysteresis.

